

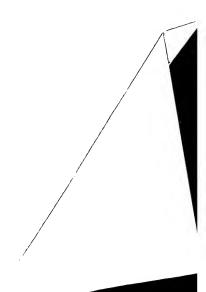
# United States Patent and Trademark Office

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/646,575	08/21/2003	Winnie C. Wu	MSFT-2733/305587.01	9794	
41505	7590 06/23/2006		EXAMINER		
	CK WASHBURN LLP (	ABEL JALIL, NEVEEN			
	TY PLACE - 46TH FLOC PHIA, PA 19103	·R	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	,		2165		

DATE MAILED: 06/23/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



		Application	n No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commence		10/646,57	5	WU ET AL.				
Office Action Summary				Art Unit				
		Neveen A		2165				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication r Reply	appears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ac	idress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	CRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RECHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING assions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFI SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pere to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by steeply received by the Office later than three months after the med patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	B DATE OF THE TABLE AND ADDRESS TO SERVICE AND ADDRESS TO SERVICE ADDR	IIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be timed Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDONE!	<b>I</b> . nely filed the mailing date of this c D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status					`(			
1)[🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 3	0 March 2006.						
•	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
,	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)⊠	4) Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)[	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	∑ Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)[	Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	id/or election r	equirement.					
Applicati	ion Papers							
	The specification is objected to by the Exar							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
2) Notice	nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S er No(s)/Mail Date 2/8/06, 3/30/06% 4/18/06		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	ate	ГО-152)			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Remarks

1. The Request for Reconsideration filed on March 30, 2006 has been received and entered. Claims 1-16 are pending.

# Claim Objections

- 2. Claims 9, 11, 14, and 16 are objected to because of the following informalities:
- 3. Claims 9, and 14, recite "maybe" is passive and should be changed to recite something more firm and definite i.e. "is" or "that" to carry patentable weight.
- 4. Claims 11, and 16, both recite "for queries" which is intended use and does not cause any functionality to occur. Limitations following the phrase "for" do not carry patentable weight, which cause the claims to appear as a series of non-functional descriptive material/data without any functional relation with each other. Claims should be amended to recite more direct and firm language i.e. "of" or "is" or "that".

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 6. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as

the invention. Since the claim does not distinct the preamble from the body of the claims.

Examiner is unclear on what is the claimed invention.

7. Claims 11, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 11, and 16, recite the limitation "the context" in lines 2, and 3, respectively.

There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

8. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 8, preamble recite "for storing, organizing, sharing, and searching data...a relationship is a link between at least two items" is intended use and does not cause any functionality to occur in the computer since it lacks combination with hardware to realize the functionality. The limitations following the phrase "for" describes only intended use but not necessarily required functionality of the claim. Limitations following the phrase "for" do not carry patentable weight, which cause the claims to appear as a series of non-functional descriptive material/data without any functional relation with each other. Applicant is required to amend the claims so that the claim limitations are recited in a definite form.

If the body of a claim fully and intrinsically sets forth all of the limitations of the claimed invention, and the preamble merely states, for example, the purpose or intended use of the

invention, rather than any distinct definition of any of the claimed invention's limitations, then the preamble is not considered a limitation and is of no significance to claim construction. Pitney Bowes, Inc. v. Hewlett-Packard Co., 182 F.3d 1298, 1305, 51 USPQ2d 1161, 1165 (Fed. Cir. 1999). See also Rowe v. Dror, 112 F.3d 473, 478, 42 USPQ2d 1550, 1553 (Fed. Cir. 1997) ("where a patentee defines a structurally complete invention in the claim body and uses the preamble only to state a purpose or intended use for the invention, the preamble is not a claim limitation").

There appears to be no nexus between the intended use of the preamble and the body of the claim in order to realize the functionality intended. The "t organizing, sharing, and searching data...a relationship is a link between at least two items" appear to be missing of the body of the claim. They never have to happen and are thus not given patentable weight.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 10. Claims 1-3, 6-9, and 12-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Call</u> (U.S. Pub. No. 2002/0143521 A1) in view of <u>Vincent, III</u> (U.S. Pub. No. 2004/0268240 A1), and further in view of <u>Lotter et al.</u> (U.S. Pub. No. 2002/0184163 A1).

As to claims 1, 8, and 13, <u>Call</u> discloses a storage platform comprising:

a data store in which data stored therein is defined in terms of items, elements, and relationships, wherein an item is a unit of data storable in the data store and comprises one or more elements, an element is an instance of a type comprising one or more fields (See <u>Call</u> page 5, paragraph 0065, also see <u>Call</u> page 11, paragraphs 0115-0117, also see <u>Call</u> page 18, paragraph 0275), and

a relationship is a link between at least two items (See <u>Call</u> page 26, column 1, lines 29-37);

a set of schemas that define different types of items, elements, and relationships (See <u>Call</u> page 11, paragraphs 0115-0117); and

an application programming interface comprising a class for each of the different items, elements, and relationships defined in the set of schemas (See <u>Call</u> page 25, paragraphs 0376-0375, also see <u>Call</u> page 5, paragraph 0070).

<u>Call</u> does not teach a customizable subset of schemas that extend the set of schemas and are dependent on the set of schemas.

<u>Vincent, III</u> teaches a customizable subset of schemas that extend the set of schemas and are dependent on the set of schemas (See <u>Vincent, III</u> page 7, paragraphs 0100-0112, and see Vincent, III page 8, paragraph 0115).

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have modified <u>Call</u> by the teaching of <u>Vincent, III</u> to include a customizable subset of schemas that extend the set of schemas and are dependent on the set of schemas because it allows for large scale schema management and consistency (See <u>Vincent, III</u> page 1, paragraphs 0003-0004).

<u>Call</u> as modified still does not teach a synchronization service that synchronizes the storage platform with another storage platform and synchronize the data store with data sources that implement proprietary protocols.

Lotter et al. teaches a synchronization service that synchronizes the storage platform with another storage platform and synchronize the data store with data sources that implement proprietary protocols (See Lotter et al. Figure 24, and see Lotter et al. page 6, paragraph 0069, lines 9-16, also see Lotter et al. page 7, paragraph 0071, lines 17-22, wherein any internal company communication protocol is deemed to be proprietary).

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have further modified <u>Call</u> as modified by the teaching of <u>Lotter et al.</u> to include a synchronization service that synchronizes the storage platform with another storage platform and synchronize the data store with data sources that implement proprietary protocols because it allows for access standardization across shared data platform (See <u>Lotter et al. al.</u> page 6, paragraph 0068).

As to claims 2, 9, and 14, <u>Call</u> as modified discloses wherein data may also be stored in the data store in the form of an extension to an existing item type, and wherein the application programming interface comprises a class for each different item extension (See <u>Call</u> page 26, column 2, lines 1-17).

As to claim 3, <u>Call</u> as modified discloses wherein the class for each type of item, element, and relationship is generated automatically based on the set of schemas that define each type of

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item, element, and relationship (See <u>Call</u> page 25, paragraph 0374, also see <u>Call</u> pages 11-12, paragraph 0125).

As to claims 6, and 12, <u>Call</u> as modified discloses comprising a database engine on which the data store is implemented, and wherein the different types of items, elements, and relationships in the data store are implemented in the database engine as user-defined types (UDT) (See <u>Call</u> pages 11-12, paragraphs 0125-0128).

As to claim 7, <u>Call</u> as modified discloses wherein the application programming interface provides a query model that enables application programmers to form queries based on various properties of the items in the data store, in a manner that insulates the application programmer from the details of the query language of the database engine (See <u>Call</u> page 11, paragraphs 0120-0124, also see <u>Call</u> page 5, paragraphs 0070-0071).

11. Claims 4-5, 10-11, and 15-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Call (U.S. Pub. No. 2002/0143521 A1) in view of Vincent, III (U.S. Pub. No. 2004/0268240 A1), and further in view of Lotter et al. (U.S. Pub. No. 2002/0184163 A1) as applied to claims 1-3, 6-9, and 12-14 above, and further in view of Freyssinet et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,477,564 B1).

As to claims 4, 10, and 15, <u>Call</u> as modified still does not teach wherein the classes for each type of item, element, and relationship define a set of data classes, and wherein the

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application programming interface further comprises a second set of classes that define a common set of behaviors for the data classes.

Freyssinet et al. teaches wherein the classes for each type of item, element, and relationship define a set of data classes, and wherein the application programming interface further comprises a second set of classes that define a common set of behaviors for the data classes (See Freyssinet et al. column 6, lines 31-46, also see Freyssinet et al. column 5, lines 28-53).

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have further modified <u>Call</u> as modified by the teaching of <u>Freyssinet et al.</u> to include the classes for each type of item, element, and relationship define a set of data classes, and wherein the application programming interface further comprises a second set of classes that define a common set of behaviors for the data classes because it allows for ease of data integration and assists in decision making process (See <u>Freyssinet et al.</u> column 1, lines 23-40).

As to claims 5, 11, and 16, <u>Call</u> as modified discloses wherein the second set of classes comprise a first class that represents a storage platform scope and that provides the context for queries on the data store and a second class the represents the results of a query on the data store (See <u>Call</u> page 21, paragraphs 0321-0322, also see <u>Freyssinet et al.</u> column 5, lines 20-50).

### Response to Arguments

12. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-16 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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### Conclusion

13. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See PTO-Form 892 for list of Cited References.

14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Neveen Abel-Jalil whose telephone number is 571-272-4074. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30AM-5:30PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey A. Gaffin can be reached on 571-272-4146. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Neveen Abel-Jalil

June 21, 2006